







## IN THE REALM OF WOMAN

BY PENELOPE

Mrs. Snyder, who has been visiting her sister and brother, Mrs. Edmondson and Mr. Edmondson, on their return to Calgary, returned to the city yesterday and is the guest of Mrs. Bradwell.

Mr. McLaughlin (a visitor), inspector of the Trades Bank, is in the city, the guest of his brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. P. McLaughlin.

Mrs. Stinson is entertaining at bridge at the Blue Room today for Mrs. Holland (Vancouver).

Dr. and Mrs. L. Bignar have left for Vancouver, Dr. Bignar leaving as far as Calgary, while Mrs. Bignar left on the night train, a number of friends having gathered at the station to see her.

Mrs. Bignar will meet her husband in Calgary. They will be very much missed in Edmonton.

Mrs. Alice Felders who has been the guest of her sister at the cottage for some time left Monday for Clover Bar.

Mr. and Mrs. Tofft, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Macdonald for a few days on their return from London, left yesterday for their home in Vancouver, Mrs. Macdonald accompanying them.

A pretty reception was given by Mrs. D. D. McIntyre on Saturday in honor of Miss Dorothy Bonner. The table was a bower of roses. The hostess was assisted by a number of friends.

Mrs. Burley, of Picton, Ont., arrived in the city on Saturday morning on a visit to her son, Mr. W. Burley, provincial auditor general, who is in his 80th year, so that this long visit has quite an undertaking.

Mrs. Van Vliet and her daughter, Miss Lillian Van Vliet, of Picton, Ont., arrived on Saturday morning on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Powers, 443 Whyte avenue, Edmonton. They were accompanied by the appearance of the west and especially with the city of Edmonton.

Mrs. Constantine, a former Edmontonian, who has been in the city, is the guest of the Cecil.

The marriage and happiness which reigned last week ago at Bolton Lodge and which was enhanced by the visit of Mrs. Caulfield's father, Mr. Helliwell, of Toronto, has been further and mysteriously turned to the advantage of the city of Edmonton.

It was Mr. Helliwell's first visit west and plans were being made for his entertainment which would be of but a few days' duration, but which was a real treat.

In Toronto, much regard will be felt, as Mr. Helliwell belongs to an old family there, and his visit will go out to Mr. and Mrs. Caulfield in their sorrow.

Mr. Walter Taylor's many friends will be sorry to hear that he was with a painful accident at Clover Hill Monday night. Medical attention was immediately secured and he was removed to the Alexandra Hospital, where he is resting easily. In athletic circles, "Walker" is very popular and his comrades will give him many a sympathetic thought.

The Women's Home Mission Auxiliary of First Presbyterian Church will hold its regular meeting in the new church, Fifth street, this afternoon (Wednesday) at 8 o'clock. A splendid program is prepared and a large attendance is requested.

Miss Vella Hespeler of Seattle, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Chittenden this week.

A special meeting of the Women's Auxiliary will be held in All Saints' Schoolroom, on Thursday, June 26th, at 8 p.m., to receive the reports from the delegates who attended the annual meeting.

For the BEST in

Amateur Finishing

Walter Ramsay

836 Victoria Avenue.

PHONE 1292

Walter Ramsay

836 Victoria Avenue.

For the BEST in

tended the annual meeting held recently at Lethbridge.

The ladies of Christ Church will hold a sale of home-made cooking on Friday, June 21st, from 2 to 5 p.m. in the schoolroom behind the church. Afternoon tea and coffee will also be served. The ladies hope for generous patronage.

On Saturday, June 22, a male of home-made cooking will be held in All Saints' Schoolroom from 2 to 5 p.m. in aid of the Dorcas fund. Afternoon tea and coffee will be served.

The clever friends of Mrs. George Keppel—and every really clever man and woman in Lethbridge is her friend—have persuaded her to start a station. She has given an informal invitation to all those clever folk to drop in on Sundays after lunch for coffee, cigarettes and conversation.

Any amount of strategy is being employed by some people to obtain an invitation for this "Three C's," as they are called, for to be included in a bright talker and a brainy person in general, but the test is severe, and many there are who fail there are more chatterers, gossipers and bore than clever people.

More prominent Canadians resident in London attended the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Helliwell and Miss Dorothy Bonner, the daughter of the late J. H. Helliwell and niece of Lady Tilly of the United Kingdom, who was married at All Saints' Church, Kensington Gardens, and was followed by a large reception at the Hyde Park Hotel.

The Countess de Lescage and her sister, Miss Mackenzie, arrived in Edmonton last Sunday from Vancouver and will spend the summer in Toronto—Vancouver Province.

Miss Margaret Walker, of Victoria, who has been taking a course at Whitworth College, Tacoma, has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Powers, 443 Whyte avenue, Edmonton.

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dismissed the charge against the girl and ordered the complainant to pay the costs.

IN THE POLICE COURT.

On a charge of throwing stones in streets Chas. Pratt was yesterday fined at court of the city. For an assault he was also fined \$10 and costs.

C. Richter was also fined \$10 and costs at the city police court for driving an auto at a fast rate across inter-sections.

PLAYED UNDER PROTEST.

The Morris-Walker team met Bonner in a Commercial in a 3 to 4 match Monday, the score at the end of the sixth innings being 7-1. The team was played under protest, when claimed Bonner's players a man who was ineligible. This contention was admitted by the Bonners this morning.

PREMIER SCOTT ISSUES ELECTION MANIFESTO

(Continued from Page 2.)

will be designated the "Bill of Rights of our people. The measure of relief asked for from the Parliament of Canada are as follows:

(1) The removal of the exemption from duty now enjoyed by the Canadian Pacific Railway company.

(2) The granting to the Province of the public domain within its limits.

(3) Free access to the market of the United States for the grain products of the Province.

(4) New outlets for our farm products as more particularly shown by the completion of the Hudson Bay railway.

(5) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

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(7) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(8) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(9) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(10) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(11) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(12) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(13) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

(14) The removal of the duties on the importation of the minerals enumerated above.

Dear Ada--

"I had visitors here last week from Chicago, and what do you think pleased them most?"

"My tea!"

"They wanted to take some back home with them, but I'm sure they can get it in Chicago, so I just gave them one of the labels from the package, and told them to say to their grocer--

"Tetley's Teas Please!"

BLIND SEVEN YEARS MAN CAN NOW SEE

Blind since seven years, a man can now see.

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GET YOUR Muslin Underwear AT THE June Sale Now in Progress

Every Grade Costs Less Just Now. Even the Fine Hand Embroidered Ones

\$2.25 Princess Slips, now \$1.95  
\$2.00 Fine Gowns, now \$1.65  
All 50c Garments, now 43c  
\$1.25 Undershirts, now 95c  
35c Drawers, now 27c, etc., etc.

All fresh, cleanly, good, new goods, carefully selected, really it's a rare chance

Selling Wash Dress Goods | This Sale of New Silks  
for Less--were 35c, 45c, 50c  
now 23c a yard

Bliss that were 85c, \$1.00 to \$1.50  
30 inch plain Liberty Satin, plain silk  
Taffeta, plain muslin, stripes, checks,  
plaids, figures.

All 57 1/2c a yard now  
Goods right from stock--regular stock;  
silks--not sale silks.

69c now for \$1.00 Batiste Corsets  
Fine White Batiste Corsets, new models, long over the hips, for medium figures, right up-to-date.

\$3.95 for 4 Sheets and 6 Cases  
Two pair of Sheets and 3 pair of Cases of good quality, new models, now for \$3.95; sheets are full double bed size.

Motor Scarfs 35c each  
HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY  
Sewing Machines \$22.50 each

POMANDER  
A Perfume of Love and Mystery!

The Canadian Northern Railway  
Announce the Usual Low Summer Return Tourist Fares From Winnipeg

and stations west to tourist resorts in Eastern Canada. Tickets for the season will be on sale commencing June 1st, and will be limited to return within sixty days. Stopovers will be permitted at any intermediate points in Canada, within limits. The fares from Edmonton to representative points are as follows:

Points and fares from Edmonton:  
Montreal \$22.50  
Ottawa \$22.50  
Quebec \$22.50  
Halifax \$22.50  
St. John's \$22.50

These fares apply via all rail routes through Duluth and St. Paul, or via Chicago, or through Port Arthur, or via the Great Lakes are slightly higher.

For Sale  
90 Feet facing the river in block 9, University Place. These are the most beautifully situated river-lets on the South Side.

A bargain if sold quick.

The Phillips Latimer Co.  
80 Whyte Avenue  
EDMONTON SOUTH  
Phone 3443

HEAD OFFICE: 26-30-40  
WINNIPEG





# FORT McMURRAY

## A Coming Great Electric, Oil, Mining, Industrial and Distributing City Now in its Swadling Clothes

A NEW STAR IN THE REAL ESTATE FIRMAMENT--SHINING BRIGHTLY

## What Fort McMurray Bases Its Future Greatness Upon

### LUMBER

Along all the streams and lakes in the Fort McMurray District, large timber limits of poplar, white spruce, jack pine, tamarack and birch exist. These varieties are all well suited for lumber. In fact, it is well known that sufficient timber exists in this district to supply all Western Canada with lumber for several generations to come. Many are already seeking saw-mill sites at Fort McMurray and this industry employing thousands will undoubtedly be well established in advance of the Railway.

### PULP WOOD

The white spruce and the poplar, the two varieties of timber best suited for pulp manufacture, predominate in the Fort McMurray District. The manufacture of pulp and paper should speedily become a Fort McMurray leading industry. Cheap electric power so easily available will aid this greatly.

### ASPHALT

#### World's Greatest Deposits.

The enormous outcrops of tar sands in the vicinity of Fort McMurray depend chiefly for their commercial value upon railway transportation. Analysis of these sands show that it is composed of 81.73 per cent. of silicious sands, 5.85 per cent. of water, mechanically mixed, and 12.42 per cent. of pure bitumen or mineral tar. In its native state or with very little refining it may be used for paving, roofing and many other commercial purposes. The pure asphalt, rock asphalt and tar sands, found here in inexhaustible quantities are ever in great demand, commanding a high price in the markets of the world, will give to Fort McMurray enormous wealth. Their mining, refining and manufacture will give employment to thousands.

"During the warm weather tar, or this pitch, free from any mixture of sand, comes out of the banks as if by pressure, in places where the black strata appears to be impregnated with the thick petroleum. This accumulates around the vegetable matter on low grounds, and may be collected in considerable quantities. It is possible that the tar also rises in some places from pressure beneath. It is taken in barrels to the posts of the Hudson's Bay Company and to the Mission Stations and, after boiling it down so that it will harden on cooling, it is used for putting over boats, roofs, etc."

Geographical Report, 1903, Pages 21, 22

### GLASS

The tar sands in the Fort McMurray District provide the two essentials for a glass making industry—the tar and the silica. For tar sand burns freely if supplied with sufficient air, and the sands consist of grains of pure vitreous quartz, suitable for

the manufacture of the finest white glass. This industry alone should be developed to employ thousands of men, adding further to Fort McMurray's greatness.

### GAS

Of combustible material the Fort McMurray District has beneath its soil a store that occasionally proves embarrassing, as when boring for petroleum a flow of natural gas is released which cannot be capped for some time, and whose roar can be heard for two or three miles. Gas in great quantities, plenty of wood and nearness of great bodies of coal will supply the coming great city of Fort McMurray with plenty of light and heat.

### OIL

As to the possibilities of striking oil, according to reports made by prominent experts and geographical surveyors, there is lying under the ground in the Fort McMurray District, richer deposits of oil than those in California. Five oil boring outfits are already in the field. The oil is there. It has already been tapped and every indication points to a tremendous flow a season as the wells are sunk deeper. In all probability the drills now in the field will reach the main oil bearing sands before the close of the 1912 season. The result will be a rush to these fields, the like of which has never been seen before on the American continent.

### SALT

Near Fort Smith, on the Northern frontier and tributary to Fort McMurray by waterway, there is a very extensive bed of salt on the surface. Adjoining Fort McMurray an oil prospecting company, penetrated during boring operations, six feet of rock salt two hundred feet in thickness. The water of Saline Springs just below Fort McMurray, is so heavily impregnated with salt that large banks of salt have been deposited on the surface. Salt refining is a profitable industry and the product always finds a ready market. This industry bids fair to add to Fort McMurray's renown.

### FURS—FISH

The furs of the great North Country will always bring a certain amount of wealth to Fort McMurray. The bold waters of Northern Canada's streams and lakes, produce the finest fish, the leading varieties, the trout and white fish are in great demand among the Europeans in the cities of Eastern Canada and the United States. The canning and packing of fish will undoubtedly become a profitable industry, employing many.

### AGRICULTURE

The region tributary to Fort McMurray is one of great rivers, lakes and forests, containing the immense valleys of the Athabasca, Clearwater and Lower Peace River, comprising a magnificent extent of land only waiting for a railway to make it take rank as some of the finest stretches of territory in the province. One Government explorer states that the Clearwater Valley alone will accommodate 350,000 settlers.

"No further proof of the splendid home making possibilities to be found in Northern Alberta can be needed when it is remembered that the prize wheat exhibited as long ago as 1876 at the Centennial Exhibition held in Philadelphia, U.S.A., was grown at Fort Chipewyan on Lake Athabasca in latitude 59 degrees, 750 miles north of the International Boundary. Moreover, far up at Vermilion-on-the-Peace, 760 miles from the nearest railway point, Edmonton, in a latitude almost as far north as Northern Labrador yet in a country of luxuriant growth and mild climate, a modern electric lighted flour mill, with a capacity of 35 barrels a day, has been in operation for some years for the sole purpose of dealing with the wheat grown in the vicinity. But it must not be forgotten that altitude makes more difference in the successful growth of crops than latitude, and Vermilion is only 950 feet above sea-level, while Edmonton is 2158 feet and Calgary is 3989 feet." All this vast productive agricultural territory is directly tributary to Fort McMurray by navigable water routes, the very cheapest method of transportation, and the completion of the railway to Fort McMurray will bring this great territory into direct communication with the outside world.

### FLOUR MILLS

Electric power has always been a potent factor in the upbuilding of the milling industry. Fort McMurray will have the power. The great valleys tributary will grow millions of bushels of wheat. All this wheat must eventually be transferred at Fort McMurray from boat to train. Is it not reasonable to suppose that elevators of large capacity for the storing of this grain and mills for its manufacture into flour will be built there?

### ELECTRIC POWER

Cheap power is a necessary requisite for the upbuilding of large industries. Fort McMurray is well favored in this respect. Just south of Fort McMurray, and in view from the hilltop, the Athabasca River breaks into a series of Rapids from which, according to authority, nearly a quarter of a million horsepower can be derived. The Grand Rapids on

the river above Fort McMurray, a magnificent spectacle, could in their descent of sixty feet in a quarter of a mile develop at least 60,000 horsepower, in an ordinary season.

### OTHER RESOURCES

Other natural resources known to exist in this country are gold, copper, galena, iron ore, silver, mica, limestone, sandstone and gypsum, all of which will require capital and labor for their development.

### TRANSPORTATION

All Fort McMurray needs now to start it on its road to greatness is a Railroad. That need is soon to be supplied. The last session of the Alberta Parliament guaranteed the bonds for a C. N. R. extension to Fort McMurray. Surveyors are already in the field. Construction work will be rushed to rapid completion. Then will millions upon millions of long waiting capital pour into Fort McMurray to develop the known great natural resources of this district, an empire in extent. Then will thousands of settlers and city builders flock to this richly favored section. The great river highways of the North will provide easy and cheap communication for all this vast territory with Fort McMurray the head of navigation on the Athabasca River. Railways will in the course of a few years radiate in every direction out of Fort McMurray, but the great water highways will always remain to serve throughout this vast territory in keeping down freight and passenger rates to Fort McMurray the distributing and manufacturing center.

### Special—

Since this advertisement was written English Capitalists, realizing the future greatness of Fort McMurray and the wonderful richness of the great north country tributary, have arranged to build a second railway without Government aid from Edmonton to Fort McMurray and from there westward to the Peace River and eastward to the Hudson's Bay, to connect with a fleet of ocean-going steamers. This new road, it is understood, will become a fourth transcontinental line. It is proposed by this syndicate, which is backed by The London and Dominion Trust Co., representing \$45,000,000 of capital, to have the line from Edmonton to Fort McMurray in operation within two years, from which point the east and west extensions will be built.

ALL RESERVATIONS CALL FOR ONE-THIRD CASH

NO HUNDRED DOLLAR LOTS

# B. H. HAYES AND I. L. ACKLEY

SALES MANAGERS

## Fort McMurray Original Townsite Company Limited

A Company Backed by Twenty-Five of Edmonton's Leading Business and Professional Men.

A Sufficient Guarantee of Responsibility.

602 TEGLER BLOCK

PHONE 5080

EDMONTON

### NO RECORD



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100

*[Faint handwritten text]*





On every paper  
post-card. wind  
527 Every Car  
ited, Orillia, Canada  
Brandon, Regina, Saska-

Brandon, Regina, Sask-

1900, Calgary, Edmonton, Great Canadian Northern.



## STEPFATHER FACES CHARGE OF MURDER OF 3-YEAR-OLD CHILD

Trial at Moose Jaw Into Shocking  
Case of Alleged Child  
Murder.

WIFE OF ACCUSED  
REFUSES TO TESTIFY

Physician's Evidence Indicates  
Inhuman Treatment of Child  
Before Death.

Moose Jaw, June 18.—Yesterday before the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court the case of the Crown versus Victor Erickson on a charge of murder came up for trial.

The evidence taken so far indicates one of the most shocking cases of child murder that has come up before any day of a civilized judiciary. The accused, Victor Erickson, farmer, living two miles from Tompkins, Sask., owns a mill at Moose Jaw. Current, is charged with hitting an injury upon his step-child, little baby girl under three years of age, that, according to medical evidence, caused death.

He was arrested on the sixth of March, the day after the child died, and the preliminary hearing, by which, to whom he had been married a month, gave evidence against him and he was remanded to the high court.

**Wife Refused to Testify.**  
The accused's wife refused to testify at this time to give evidence against her husband. In the morning, when the ship sustained the evidence in this case.

The principal witness was then called by the Crown, Dr. J. H. Cook, and testified as follows:

He was called to the office of the Peace Hospital to visit Erickson, who had been brought in on the sixth of March. The following is a translation of his testimony: "I found the child dead and bleeding; her nose flattened and broken; her head, neck, and back, all broken; her arms, legs, and hands, all broken; her skin over the abdomen broken and raw; in the lower bowels of an old injury; skin on child's back, neck and blue with large patches of skin of the but, appearing to the doctor that seemed to be of long standing; as no inflammation accompanied it, and on cutting the skin of the nose it was found to be a rather firm, greenish, and pressing on the vital brain centres."

**Shattered Unbroken Brain Broken.**  
Using the lance, the doctor had the following to report on removing the top of the child's skull: "A large layer of blood was found beneath the tissue of the brain, which must have caused paralysis of the motor centres; inside the brain more blood was found lying between the two cerebral hemispheres on the right side of the shoulder he discovered a dislocation of the shoulder joint that seemed to be of long standing; as no inflammation accompanied it, and on cutting the skin of the nose it was found to be a rather firm, greenish, and pressing on the vital brain centres."

Evidence from other parties goes to show that the child's garment which were found covered in blood.

When arrested, the accused said he did not know why he did it.

**30,000 Italians Expected.**

Rome, June 18.—According to statistics published here, over 30,000 Italians have been expected to date from Turkish territory, and so far over 250,000 have been asked for their relief in various cities of the peninsula. The relief is estimated about as follows: 14,500 from the Vlachets of Constantinople and Adana; 1,400 from that of Salonica; and 11,000 from Asia Minor, of whom over 7,000 are from Smyrna.

**May Alter Mediterranean Policy.**

London, June 18.—The Daily Express announces, on the authority of a correspondent, whose source of information is asserted to be reliable, that the government will alter its policy regarding the Mediterranean, having been convinced by Lord Kitchener's stand against the weakening of either the land or the sea forces.



**BIG BILL FLYNN**—The Pittsburgh Roosevelt supporter, who was sent along as a filibusterer to the forces of Senator Dixon, boasting Roosevelt at the Chicago convention.

## SAYS HARRY THAW IS NOT NORMAL PERSON

Thaw's Own Account Describes Him as "Constitutionally Inferior" Unable to Suffer From Delusions Under Stress.

White Plains, N.Y., June 18.—Harry K. Thaw's own account, Dr. Leask, subpoenaed by Thaw's lawyers to help him in his legal fight for freedom against the state, was called yesterday.

Dr. Leask, who is second physician at the asylum, testified before Justice Keogh, in the supreme court, that in his opinion Thaw was "constitutionally inferior."

"Can he recover from that?" asked W. T. Jerome, former district attorney of New York, who is opposing for the state Thaw's application for liberty.

"No," he replied.

"Are such persons apt to do dangerous things when under stress or under the influence of liquor?"

"They may."

"Often?"

"Yes."

"Do they have delusions or persecution?"

"They do."

"And when they drink they resort to violent violence do they not?"

"In a great many cases."

Dr. H. Ernest Schmidt, an alienist of White Plains, and Wm. Vanamee, a lawyer of Newburgh, the other witnesses examined this afternoon, testified that they thought Thaw rational. The hearing will be continued tomorrow.

**Manitoba Methodists.**

Winnipeg, June 18.—The Methodist conference yesterday afternoon recommended the joint board of Sunday schools and Epworth League to appoint a joint secretary for Manitoba alone, in place of J. A. Doyle, who has resigned and who covers Manitoba and Saskatchewan. The discussion showed some difference of opinion. The conference business will stand at four in the afternoon and in the evening for help for the late Principal Starling. A public memorial service will be held at the evening session.

**Old Country Cricket.**

London, June 18.—The Australians were all out for 100 in their first innings against Surrey, who made 190 yesterday, and today in their second attempt scored 170 for four wickets. South Africa were all out for 36 in their first innings.

## TAFT FORCES WIN IN THE FIRST BRUSH WITH

(Continued from Page 8.)

"I rise to inquire whether the national committee has formed for the convention a proper temporary roll," said Governor Hadley. James E. Watson, the Taft floor leader, interrupted, saying:

"Mr. Chairman, I make the point of order that nothing is in order here until this convention until it has been organized." Both Governor Hadley and Mr. Watson were cheered as they stood on each side of the chairman's table glaring at each other.

"I rise to a question of information," answered Governor Hadley, "preliminary to making a motion. Until I make that motion there is nothing to make a point of order against. I have the recognition of the chair."

Again the cheers broke out.

**Point of Order Well Taken.**

Governor Hadley then presented his formal motion to take the temporary roll of the Taft delegates and substitute the Roosevelt delegates in certain contested districts.

Mr. Watson renewed his point of order that the roll was read.

"The point of order seems to be well taken," said Chairman Roosevelt, "but if the roll is read it will be the point of order that will be the point of order for twenty minutes, not wishing to be arbitrary."

Representative Serrino E. Payne, of New York, announced to the stage by the Taft forces. As each of the champions took the stage a round of cheers swept the hall. Pennsylvania, New Jersey and California yelling wildly for the Roosevelt leaders.

**Governor Hadley Begins Argument.**

There was a brief interruption by the opposition forces then Governor Hadley stepped to the front of the stage and began his argument. The action of the Roosevelt delegates last night, who voted to put in a resolution requiring the 448 unseated affirmative votes to carry any election, Governor Hadley briefly announced against his motion and the fact that Chairman Roosevelt had said that a point of order against such action would be well taken.

"Instead of following the illustrious example of our distinguished leader, William McKinley, when he presided in a convention and invited full debate and construction of a point of order, the present chairman has asked only for a brief statement from each side," said Governor Hadley.

The mention of McKinley's name brought no applause.

Throughout the argument both floor and galleries were disorderly and each speaker was interrupted by cheers, jeers and remarks.

**Watson Takes up Argument.**

When Floor Leader Watson took up the argument the Taft forces gave a great yell. Watson walked for order. Then he reviewed Governor Hadley's proposition and the precedents cited by him.

"Let me first answer the precedent of 1864," he said.

"That was where the convention prepared its own temporary roll," interrupted Governor Hadley.

"And why?" shouted Watson.

"Because there was a national committee in existence."

"At this point the Taft delegates went wild."

"We don't need one now," shouted a man in the gallery.

"We must proceed in an orderly manner," said Watson. "In a Republican convention you cannot escape orderly procedure. Gentlemen, please do not applaud, listen to me," said Watson. "I am trying to address your reason, not your passion, your judgment, not your sentiment."

Mr. Watson referred to Governor Hadley's statement that Senator Hoar in the convention of 1880 had let the convention pass on the question of organization.

That convention had already been organized," he said. "Senator Hoar was chairman of the convention, not of the national committee." Taft delegates cheered vociferously.

What is the relation of the national committee to the national convention?" said Watson.

"Roosevelt" came as a shout from the gallery.

The national committee since 1864," continued Watson, "has always furnished a temporary roll. Chairman Roosevelt is not here as a chairman. He is simply here as your presiding officer for the time being. He may only organize the motion."

**Gives His Ruling.**

Ruling on the point of order against Governor Hadley's motion, Chairman Roosevelt said: "The chairman had this question under advisement for several days, and has consulted many men of better parliamentary knowledge than himself. I wish to have a statement read discussing the question and then I will give my ruling."

The statement was a discussion of the precedents cited by Governors Hadley and Fort. The convention of 1864 and 1880 were reviewed in detail.

The present roll that the convention had not been organized and that the proper time for the motion was after the temporary organization had been effected.

"It is not within the province of the unorganized gathering to consider resolutions and in fact so reprehensible as before it, the motion is therefore out of order," the statement concluded.

Roosevelt then announced he was ready to rule. "The chair stands by the point of order," he said, "and declares the motion of Governor Hadley out of order."

Hadley was standing not ten feet from Watson and Fort and Gen. L. H. Ford, of New Jersey.

"I appeal from the motion of the chair," shouted Hadley.

"I second the motion," added Fort and Record in unison.

# Inter-Urban Railway Prepared to Commence St. Albert Line

Financed by British capitalists, of whom T. Albert of London, England, millionaire, is the principal representative, the Edmonton Interurban railway, which was sold last year by the British interests to the new concern, will commence construction during the present summer and complete the first of their lines, connecting St. Albert with a point on the northwestern boundary of the city, close to the terminal site of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway, before the close of the year. According to an announcement made to the Capital this morning by a prominent local man interested in the reorganization, the section of the line will be complete and in operation before the close of the year. Two gas-electric passenger cars are now being ordered for the project, and two freight cars of somewhat similar design.

The new Edmonton Interurban railway company will be a local concern, in the main, but will command the resources of the British bondholders. During the present week a series of meetings is to be held for the purpose of completing organization, and a further announcement will be made in the course of a few days. Meanwhile it is understood that negotiations have been completed for the securing of the right of way from the Edmonton city limits to the town of St. Albert. The line will be about eight miles in length. It must be constructed before December 31, in accordance with the terms of the time-extension granted by the legislature at its recent session. The terminals will be in the vicinity of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway terminal site, and possibly south of the McArthur property. It is desired to make connection with the Edmonton municipal railway system at the city limits.

Work on the St. Albert line will be commenced at an early date. Practically all of the right of way has been secured, and the completion of this first section of the system will require about 90 days. Edmonton Capital, June 18.

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